

Account Forms for



For Use with the Following Account
Types:

- Individuals,
- Joint Tenants with Rights of Survivorship,
- Tenants in Common,
- IRA,
- Custodianships (UTMA/UGMA),
- Revocable Trusts*

* must submit trust documents in addition to
this form

WELCOME



Part 1:

Client Account Opening Form

Account Number:

Name on Account: _____

| A. Advisor Information (to be completed by your Advisor) | | |
|--|----------------|-----------|
| Advisor First Name | Middle Initial | Last Name |
| Advisor's Firm Name Zacks Investment Management | | |

| B. ACCOUNT OWNER INFORMATION | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Account Owner's First Name | Middle Initial | Last Name |
| Social Security Number/Tax ID No. _____-_____-_____ | Date of Birth _____/_____/_____ | |

| C. CO-ACCOUNT OWNER INFORMATION | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Co-Account Owner's First Name | Middle Initial | Last Name |
| Social Security Number/Tax ID No. _____-_____-_____ | Date of Birth _____/_____/_____ | |

| D. ADDRESS INFORMATION (No P.O. Box) | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------|
| Mailing Address: | | | |
| City: | State or Province: | Zip or Postal Code: | Country: |

E. ACCOUNT OWNER SIGNATURES

I certify, under penalty of perjury, that

- (1) The number shown on this Account Opening Form is my correct taxpayer identification number, and
- (2) I am not subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest and dividends, or the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding. The Internal Revenue Service does not require your consent to any provision of this document other than the certifications required to avoid backup withholding.
- (3) I have read, I understand and I agree to the terms and conditions set forth in the attached Customer Agreement.

▶ _____ Date _____
Signature: Account Holder/Trustee/Custodian/Executor

▶ _____ Date _____
Signature: Additional Account Holder/Co-Trustee/Co-Custodian/Co-Executor

▶ _____ Date _____
Signature: Additional Account Holder/Co-Trustee/Co-Custodian/Co-Executor

Please Note: All account holders must sign.

CLIENT'S BENEFICIARY INFORMATION (for IRA accounts only):

You can designate primary beneficiaries who will receive cash value of this IRA upon death. You can also choose not to have any beneficiaries. In that case, the cash value of the IRA will pass to your estate. If you designate multiple beneficiaries the share % must add to 100%. If you choose not to have any beneficiary simply write NONE below.

| Primary Beneficiary No. 1 | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------|
| First Name: | | Last Name: | |
| Date of Birth: | Social Security Number: | Relationship: | % Share: |

| Primary Beneficiary No. 2 | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------|
| First Name: | | Last Name: | |
| Date of Birth: | Social Security Number: | Relationship: | % Share: |

ACCOUNT OWNER'S EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION

Occupation: _____

Are you a director, 10% shareholder, or executive who makes policy at a public company? Yes No

Are you *employed* by a stock market, the NASD, or a firm that is a member of either one? If you are only associated with one of these entities, please select "no". Yes No

ACCOUNT OWNER'S EMPLOYER ADDRESS

Company Name:

Address 1:

Address 2:

City:

State or Province:

Zip or Postal Code:

Country:

CO-ACCOUNT OWNER'S EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION

Occupation: _____

Are you a director, 10% shareholder, or executive who makes policy at a public company? Yes No

Are you *employed* by a stock market, the NASD, or a firm that is a member of either one? If you are only associated with one of these entities, please select "no". Yes No

CO-ACCOUNT OWNER'S EMPLOYER ADDRESS

Company Name:

Address 1:

Address 2:

City:

State or Province:

Zip or Postal Code:

Country:

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2. | Name (as shown on your income tax return) | |
| | Business name, if different from above | |
| | Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (D=disregarded entity, C=corporation, P=partnership) ▶ <input type="checkbox"/> Exempt payee <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ | |
| | Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) | Requester's name and address (optional) |
| | City, state, and ZIP code | |
| | List account number(s) here (optional) | |

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

| |
|--------------------------------|
| Social security number |
| or |
| Employer identification number |

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|--------|
| Sign Here | Signature of U.S. person ▶ | Date ▶ |
|------------------|----------------------------|--------|

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,

- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a “saving clause.” Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called “backup withholding.” Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the “Name” line. You may enter your business, trade, or “doing business as (DBA)” name on the “Business name” line.

Limited liability company (LLC). Check the “Limited liability company” box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification (“D” for disregarded entity, “C” for corporation, “P” for partnership) in the space provided.

For a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner’s name on the “Name” line. Enter the LLC’s name on the “Business name” line.

For an LLC classified as a partnership or a corporation, enter the LLC’s name on the “Name” line and any business, trade, or DBA name on the “Business name” line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required federal tax documents on the “Name” line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the “Business name” line.

Note. You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

Exempt Payee

If you are exempt from backup withholding, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the “Exempt payee” box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note. If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following payees are exempt from backup withholding:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2),
2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities,
3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities,
4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or
5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

6. A corporation,
7. A foreign central bank of issue,
8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States,
9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission,
10. A real estate investment trust,
11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940,
12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a),
13. A financial institution,
14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian, or
15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 15.

| IF the payment is for . . . | THEN the payment is exempt for . . . |
|--|--|
| Interest and dividend payments | All exempt payees except for 9 |
| Broker transactions | Exempt payees 1 through 13. Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker |
| Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends | Exempt payees 1 through 5 |
| Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹ | Generally, exempt payees 1 through 7 |

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited liability company (LLC)* on page 2), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt payees, see *Exempt Payee* on page 2.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

| For this type of account: | Give name and SSN of: |
|---|---|
| 1. Individual | The individual |
| 2. Two or more individuals (joint account) | The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹ |
| 3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act) | The minor ² |
| 4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) | The grantor-trustee ¹ |
| b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law | The actual owner ¹ |
| 5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual | The owner ³ |
| For this type of account: | Give name and EIN of: |
| 6. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual | The owner |
| 7. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust | Legal entity ⁴ |
| 8. Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 | The corporation |
| 9. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization | The organization |
| 10. Partnership or multi-member LLC | The partnership |
| 11. A broker or registered nominee | The broker or nominee |
| 12. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments | The public entity |

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the second name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 1.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 if you think your identity has been used inappropriately for tax purposes.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS personal property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.consumer.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT(438-4338).

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA, or Archer MSA or HSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. possessions to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 28% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.

Part 2:

Account Transfer Form

1. Information About Your FOLIO^{fn} Investments, Inc. Account

Account Number:

Account Title: _____

Primary Account Owner Name/Trustee

Social Security Number or Tax ID

Joint Account Owner Name/Trustee (if applicable)

Social Security Number or Tax ID

Account Type:

Personal

Retirement

Employer Sponsored*

Business**

Other**

Individual

IRA Rollover

401-k

Corporate

Investment Club

Joint

Traditional IRA

Pension

LLC

Trust

Custodial

SEP IRA

Limited Partnership

Other: _____

Roth IRA - 5 year aging year: _____

Sole Proprietorship

Beneficiary IRA

2. Information About the Account You Are Transferring from Contra Firm

Account Title (must exactly match title in Section A.)

Account Number

Financial Institution Name

Telephone Number

Address (cannot be PO Box)

City, State, Zip, Country

Account Type:

Personal

Retirement

Employer Sponsored*

Business**

Other**

Individual

IRA Rollover

401-k

Corporate

Investment Club

Joint

Traditional IRA

Pension

LLC

Trust

Custodial

SEP IRA

Limited Partnership

Other: _____

Roth IRA - 5 year aging year: _____

Sole Proprietorship

Beneficiary IRA

*Please attach a distribution form when transferring employer-sponsored accounts. The employer administering the plan should be able to provide you with the distribution form.

**Please attach documentation that authorizes you to transfer the account, such as a corporate resolution or certification of investment powers.

3. Account Transfer Instructions

A.) I Want to Transfer:

My Entire Account - skip to section 4

Part of My Account – list all assets below

Cash (liquidate money markets)

(If transferring cash, please specify dollar amount)

Transfer my entire cash balance.

Partial Transfer of Cash. Transfer the following amount: \$_____

Stock

| Description of Stock (Including Stock Symbol) | Number of Shares or "All" | Transfer Shares to my FOLIO ^{fn} Investments, Inc. Account |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> |

I have listed additional stock on the attached "Additional Assets to Transfer" Form.

4. Authorization and Signature

To the financial institution named in Section 2: I authorize you to liquidate any non-transferable proprietary money market fund assets that are part of my account and transfer the resulting credit balance. I authorize you to deduct any outstanding fees due you from the credit balance in my account. If my account does not contain a credit balance, or if the credit balance in the account is insufficient to satisfy any outstanding fees due you, I authorize you to liquidate the assets in my account to the extent necessary to satisfy that obligation. If certificates or other instruments in my account are in your physical possession, I instruct you to transfer them in good deliverable form, including affixing any necessary tax waivers, to enable the successor custodian to transfer them in its name for the purpose of sale, when and as directed by me. I understand that upon receiving a copy of these transfer instructions, you will cancel all open orders for my account on your books. I affirm that I have destroyed or returned to you credit/debit cards and/or unused checks issued to me in connection with my securities account. I understand that you will contact me with respect to the disposition of any assets in my securities account that are non-transferable.

I am aware that if I sell any investments in the account specified in Section 2 and 3 that the cash proceeds will not accrue interest while the sale is being processed.

Letter of Authorization (LOA) for Joint Account Transfers: We are aware of and acknowledge that the account transfer described in Section 2 will be transferred into the FOLIO*fn* account described in Section 1 as specified in this document.

Age 70½ Restrictions – The following restriction applies to a retirement account transfer: If I am over 70½, I attest that the securities and funds transferring to FOLIO*fn* do not include the required minimum distribution for the current year pursuant to Section 401(a) (9) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Agree to Arbitration to Resolve Disputes: I agree to resolve all controversies and disputes through arbitration and not the courts as required on the last page of FOLIO*fn*'s customer agreement. I agree that FOLIO*fn* does not recommend any securities or investments to me.

Attach a copy of your *most recent* statement and any other required documentation, for the account you are transferring.

Additional Documentation Requirements: Business, Investment Club and Trust Accounts must attach authorizing documentation. Employer sponsored accounts must attach a distribution form.

Primary Account Owner Signature

Date (MM/DD/YYYY)

Co-Account Owner Signature

Date (MM/DD/YYYY)

| FIRM USE ONLY | | |
|---|------|--|
| RECEIVING FIRM: FOLIO<i>fn</i> Investments, Inc. CLEARING NO.: 0728 | | |
| CUSTODIAL ACCEPTANCE PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT US Bank, NA ACCEPTS APPOINTMENT AS SUCCESSOR CUSTODIAN | | MEDALLION SIGNATURE GUARANTEE PROGRAM |
| SUCCESSOR CUSTODIAN SIGNATURE | DATE | |
| IRA LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE FOLIO <i>fn</i> Investments hereby represents that it has established for the above-named individual an IRA that qualifies under Section 408 or Section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code, and will apply the proceeds of the above-described IRA asset transfer to such IRA upon receipt. | | FOLIO <i>fn</i> Investments Authorized Signature |

Mailing Instructions and Authorization

By Mail: FOLIO*fn* Investments, Inc.
Attn: Cash Management Dept.
8000 Towers Crescent Drive
Suite 1500
Vienna, VA 22182

By Fax: (703) 245-4800
Attn: Cash Management Dept.

By signing below, I (we) acknowledge having read and agreed to the terms and conditions printed below.

OWNER/CUSTODIAN/TRUSTEE SIGNATURE Date

X

JOINT OWNERS SIGNATURE (IF ANY) Date

X

I authorize FOLIO*fn* to electronically transfer funds to and from my FOLIO*fn* account to the bank or financial institution that I request an EFT link to be established with.

I agree to indemnify and hold harmless FOLIO*fn*, Reich and Tang Asset Managements L.P. and Reich and Tang Funds for any loss, liability or expense incurred from acting on these instructions. This authorization may be terminated by me at any time by deleting the EFT link through the FOLIO*fn* Website.

Attach Voided Check Here



PLEASE COMPLETE ENCLOSED FORMS AND RETURN TO:

Zacks Investment Management
One South Wacker Drive, Suite 2700
Chicago, IL 60606-4678

FORWARD ALL CHECKS AND SECURITIES TO:

FOLIOfn Investments, Inc.
8180 Greensboro Drive, 8th Floor
McLean, VA 22102
Attn: Cash Management

ZACKS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

One South Wacker Drive, Suite 2700
Chicago, IL 60606

Phone: (312) 265-9500

Toll-Free: (888) 600-2783

Fax: (312) 267-0105

www.ZacksWMG.com